

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Previously Presented): A method for accelerating a destruction of a vortex formed at a rear of a wing of an aircraft by a merging of first and second co-rotating eddies, the method comprising:

generating a periodic perturbation adjacent an area of creation of the first eddy, the periodic perturbation having a predetermined wavelength that excites at least one internal instability mode of a core of the first eddy.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 1, wherein the generating step comprises generating the periodic perturbation ~~is generated~~ in an area adjacent a flap of the wing.

Claim 3 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 2, further comprising:  
extending a perturbation device from the area adjacent the flap of the wing; and  
retracting the perturbation device into one of the wing and the flap.

Claim 4 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 2, further comprising:  
extending an unstreamed element from the area adjacent the flap of the wing; and  
retracting the unstreamed element into one of the wing and the flap.

Claim 5 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 4, wherein the unstreamed element has one of a circular and an elliptical cross section.

Claim 6 (Original): The method according to claim 2, further comprising:  
emitting a jet of fluid from the area adjacent the flap of the wing.

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): A method for accelerating a destruction of a vortex formed at a rear of a wing of an aircraft by a merging of first and second co-rotating eddies, the method comprising:

emitting a jet of fluid transverse to a direction of travel of the aircraft, the jet of fluid causing a periodic perturbation having a predetermined wavelength that excites at least one instability mode of the first eddy.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 7, wherein ~~the emitting the jet of fluid includes emitting a jet of fluid is emitted~~ at a velocity at least equal to a velocity of the aircraft.

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 8, wherein ~~the emitting the jet of fluid includes emitting a jet of fluid is emitted~~ from one of the wing and a flap of the aircraft.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): A method for accelerating a destruction of first and second contra-rotating vortices formed at a rear of first and second wings of an aircraft, the first contra-rotating vortex being formed by a merging of first and second co-rotating eddies, and the second contra-rotating vortex being formed by a merging of third and fourth co-rotating eddies, the method comprising:

generating a first periodic perturbation adjacent an area of creation of the first eddy, the first periodic perturbation having a first predetermined wavelength that excites at least one internal instability mode of a core of the first eddy; and

generating a second periodic perturbation adjacent an area of creation of the third eddy, the second periodic perturbation having a second predetermined wavelength that excites at least one internal instability mode of a core of the third eddy.

**Claim 11 (Currently Amended):** The method according to claim 10, wherein the generating step comprises generating the first and second periodic perturbations ~~are generated~~ so that diameters of the first and second vortices are greater than a predetermined proportion of a distance between the first and second vortices.

**Claim 12 (Currently Amended):** The method according to claim 11, wherein the generating step comprises generating the first and second periodic perturbations ~~are generated~~ so that the diameters of the first and second vortices are greater than about 30% of the distance between the first and second vortices.

**Claim 13 (Currently Amended):** The method according to claim 12, wherein the generating step comprises generating the first and second periodic perturbations ~~are generated~~ in areas adjacent first and second ~~flap~~ flaps of the first and second wings.

**Claim 14 (Withdrawn):** The method according to claim 13, further comprising:  
extending first and second perturbation devices from the areas adjacent the first and second flaps of the first and second wings; and  
retracting the first and second perturbation devices.

Claim 15 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 13, further comprising:  
extending first and second unstreamed elements from the areas adjacent the first and  
second flaps of the first and second wings; and  
retracting the first and second unstreamed elements.

Claim 16 (Currently Amended-Withdrawn): The method according to claim 15,  
wherein the unstreamed element has elements have having one of a circular and an elliptical  
cross section.

Claim 17 (Original): The method according to claim 13, further comprising:  
emitting first and second jets of fluid from the areas adjacent the first and second flaps  
of the first and second wings.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 1, wherein the  
periodic perturbation corresponds to [[a]] the vortex's Benard-von Karman instability.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented): The method according to claim 1, wherein the  
periodic perturbation induces an increase in three-dimensional elliptic instabilities.

Claim 20 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 3, wherein the perturbation  
device has a diameter transverse with respect to a flow around the wing and the diameter  
depends on the wavelength of the periodic perturbation.

Claim 21 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 4, wherein the unstreamed element has a diameter transverse with respect to a flow around the wing.

Claim 22 (Withdrawn): The method according to claim 4, wherein the unstreamed element has an elliptical cross section.

Claim 23 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 7, wherein the periodic perturbation corresponds to [[a]] the vortex's Benard-von Karman instability.

Claim 24 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 7, wherein the generating step comprises generating the jet of fluid is emitted from a flap of the aircraft.

Claim 25 (Previously Presented): The method according to claim 7, wherein the periodic perturbation induces an increase in three-dimensional elliptic instabilities.

Claim 26 (Previously Presented): The method according to claim 7, wherein, when the jet of fluid is emitted orthogonally to a flow around the wing, a velocity of the jet of fluid must be at least equal to a velocity of the aircraft.

Claim 27 (Currently Amended): The method according to claim 10, wherein the first and second periodic perturbations correspond to the vortex's Benard-von Karman instabilities.

**Claim 28 (Previously Presented):** The method according to claim 10, wherein the first and second periodic perturbations induce an increase in core diameters of the co-rotating eddies.

**Claim 29 (Withdrawn):** The method according to claim 15, wherein the unstreamed elements have elliptical cross sections.

**Claim 30 (Previously Presented):** The method according to claim 10, wherein the first and second periodic perturbations induce increases in three-dimensional elliptic instabilities.

**Claim 31 (Previously Presented):** The method according to claim 10, wherein the internal instability mode to be excited is determined from a ratio between the sizes of the cores of the eddies and the distance between the eddies.